Name	_ Section	Date	
WELLNESS WORK  Identifying Weight-Loss Go	SHEET 80		
Identifying Weight-Loss Go	als and Ways to	) Meet Them	
Part I. Calculate and Rate Your Curren	nt Body Mass Inde	x and Waist Circumferen	ice
1. <b>BMI:</b> Determine your BMI by referring more precisely by dividing your body v convert, divide your weight in pounds by 0.0254 to get meters. For example, if you would calculate BMI as follows.	veight (in kilograms by 2.2 to get kilogram	b) by the square of your heigms, and multiply your heig	ight (in meters). To ght in inches by
EXAMPLE:	YOUR BM		
BMI = $\frac{(130 \div 2.2)}{(63 \times 0.0254)^2} = \frac{59.1}{(1.6)^2} = 2$ Then, refer to Figure 14.3 in your text (Fig			
BMI: Rating:		, 11 1	Ç ,
2. Waist circumference: To determine yo you don't have a natural waist, measure at health problems are waist measurements of waist measurement exceeds the cutoff, put Waist circumference:	the level of your na of more than 40 inch a check on the line	avel. The cutoff points for it less for men and 35 inches for below.	increased risk of
Part II. Calculate a Target Body Weigh	t		
If the results of Part I indicate that a chang body weight based on a target BMI. Choo tic for you. Then complete the following complete the following complete the following complete BMI:	se a target BMI; be	sure that your choice is bo	oth healthy and realis-
1. Convert your height measurement to me Height in. $\times$ 0.0254 m/in. = h			0.0254.
2. Square your height measurement from Result from step 1 m × result	•	m = height	$m^2$
3. Multiply your target BMI by your height weight in kilograms.  Target BMI × result from ste	-	•	o get your target

For example, if you are 66 inches tall with a target BMI of 24.5, you would calculate target weight as follows:

4. Multiply your target weight in kilograms by 2.2 to get your target weight in pounds.

Target weight \_\_\_\_\_  $kg \times 2.2 \text{ lb/kg} = \text{target body weight}$  \_\_\_\_\_ lb

66 in. 
$$\times$$
 0.0254 m/in. = 1.676 m  
1.676 m  $\times$  1.676 m = 2.81 m<sup>2</sup>

$$24.5 \text{ kg/m}^2 \times 2.81 \text{ m}^2 = 68.8 \text{ kg}$$

$$68.8 \text{ kg} \times 2.2 \text{ lb/kg} = 151 \text{ lb}$$

## WELLNESS WORKSHEET 80 — continued

## Part III. Identify Negative Calorie Balance Goals

Be realistic in your assessment of the number of pounds you can lose each week; a 1/2–2 pound loss per week is the most successful level for long-term weight loss.

1.	_		=	
Current weight		Target weight		Pounds to lose
2	÷		=	
Total pounds to lose		Pounds to lose each week		Number of weeks to achieve target weight
3	×	3500 calories/pound	=	
Pounds to lose each week				Negative calorie balance to achieve each week
4.	÷	7 days/week	=	
Negative calorie balance to achieve each week				Negative calorie balance to achieve each day
Part IV. Achieve Negative C	alori	e Balance Goals		
	diture	(being more active) or by d	ecrea	laily negative calorie balance either by asing your calorie consumption (eating l be the most successful.
Daily nega	ıtive	calorie balance (from Part l	II):_	
<b>Changes in Activity Level</b>				
	ivitie			sting way of expending calories. Use the t (main text only) to plan ways to raise
Activity		Duration		Calories used
		Total calories u	sed	
<b>Changes in Diet</b>				
	ıbstitı	uting lower-calorie choices.		entify ways to cut calorie consumption by ealistic in your cuts and substitutions; you
Food item		Substitute food item		Calorie savings
		Total calories sa	ved	
Total calories used		+ Total calories save	d	=

Have you met your required negative energy balance? If not, revise your dietary and activity changes to meet your goal.